

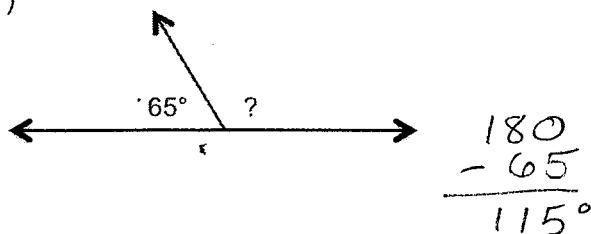
Name: SAMPLE

Date: _____

BLUE Ch.3 Practice 1

Name the pair of angles. Find the missing angle. (2pt each)

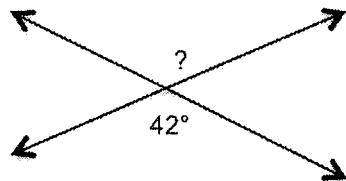
1)



Name: SUPPLEMENTARY

Missing Angle = 115°

4)

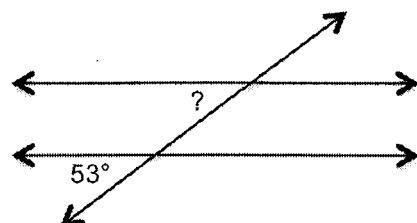


Name: VERTICAL

Missing Angle = 42°

Identify the pair of angles. Find the missing angle. (2pts each)

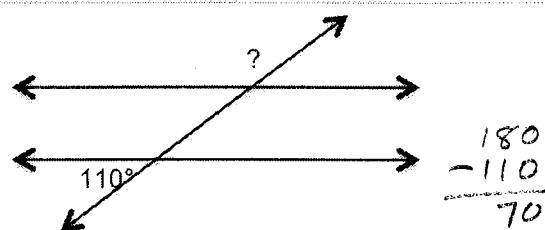
5)



Name: CORRESPONDING

Missing Angle = 53°

6)

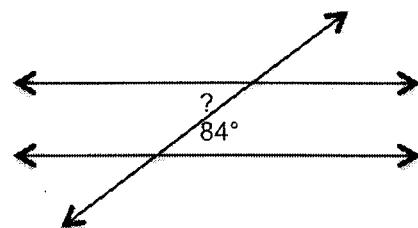


Name: EXTERIOR COLLINEAR

Missing Angle = 70°

Identify the pair of angles. Find the missing angle. (2pts each)

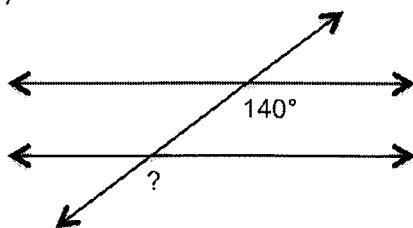
7)



Name: ALTERNATE INTERIOR

Missing Angle = 84°

8)

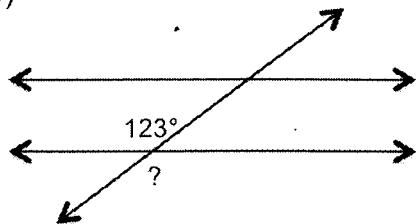


Name: CORRESPONDING

Missing Angle = 140°

Identify the pair of angles. Find the missing angle. (2pts each)

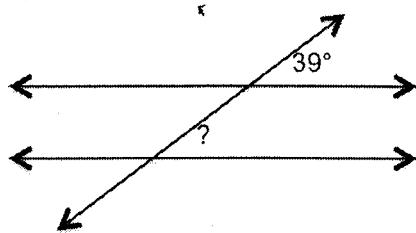
9)



Name: VERTICAL

Missing Angle = 123°

10)

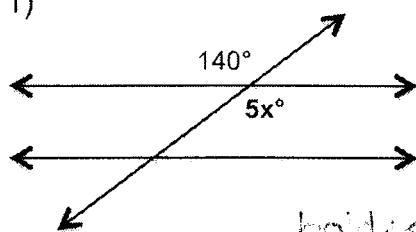


Name: CORRESPONDING

Missing Angle = 39°

Solve for x. Then find the measure of the angle in bold. (3pts each)

11)



Vertical =

$$\begin{array}{rcl} 140 & = & 5x \\ \div 5 & & | \div 5 \\ 28 & = & x \end{array}$$

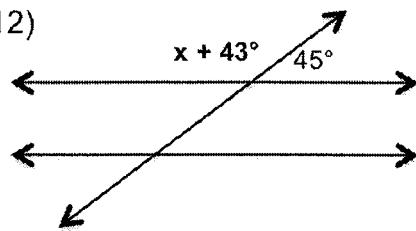
Bolded: $\frac{5x}{5(28)} =$

$x = 28^\circ$

Bolded angle = 140°

Solve for x. Then find the measure of the angle in bold. (3pts each)

12)



Supplementary - + = 180°

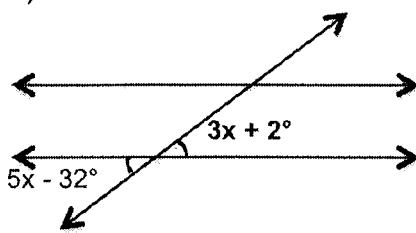
$$\begin{array}{rcl} x + 43 + 45 & = & 180 \\ x + 88 & = & 180 \\ - 88 & & | - 88 \\ x & = & 92 \end{array}$$

$x = 92^\circ$

Bolded: $92 + 43 = 135^\circ$

Bolded angle = 135°

13)



$$\begin{array}{rcl} 3x + 2 & = & 5x - 32 \\ + 32 & & | + 32 \end{array}$$

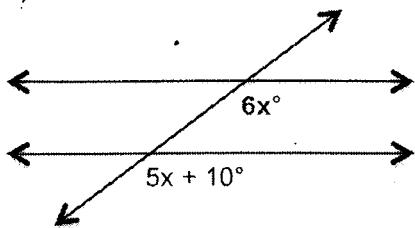
$$\begin{array}{rcl} 3x + 34 & = & 5x \\ - 3x & & | - 3x \\ 34 & = & 2x \\ \div 2 & & | \div 2 \\ 17 & = & x \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{rcl} 3x + 2 & & \\ 3(17) + 2 & & \\ 51 + 2 & & \end{array}$$

$x = 17$

Bolded angle = 53°

14)



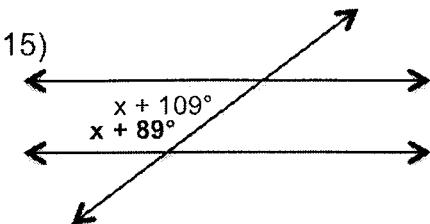
$$\begin{array}{rcl} 6x & = & 5x + 10 \\ -5x & & \downarrow -5x \\ x & = & 10 \end{array}$$

$$6(10) = 60$$

$$X = 10^\circ$$

Bolded angle = 60°

15)



~~$$x + 89^\circ + x + 109^\circ = 180^\circ$$~~

$$\begin{array}{rcl} 2x + 198 & = & 180^\circ \\ -198 & & \downarrow -198 \\ 2x & = & -18^\circ \end{array}$$

$$\frac{2x}{2} = \frac{-18^\circ}{2}$$

$$x = -9$$

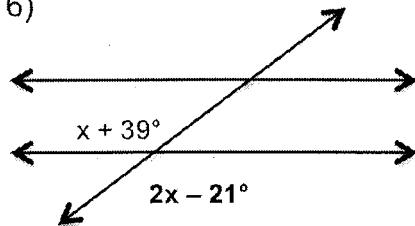
$$X = -9^\circ$$

Bolded angle = 89°

$$x + 89^\circ + x + 109^\circ = 180^\circ$$

Solve for x. Then find the measure of the angle in bold. (3pts each)

16)



$$\begin{array}{rcl} x + 39 & = & 2x - 21 \\ -x & & \downarrow -x \\ 39 & = & x - 21 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{rcl} +21 & & +21 \\ \hline 60 & = & x \end{array}$$

$$2x - 21$$

$$2(60) - 21$$

$$120 - 21$$

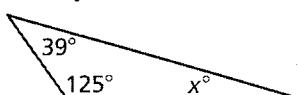
$$99$$

$$X = 60^\circ$$

Bolded angle = 99°

Write an equation. Find the measure of the interior angles.

17)

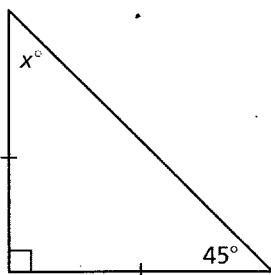


$$39 + 125 + x = 180^\circ$$

$$\begin{array}{rcl} 164 + x & = & 180^\circ \\ -164 & & \downarrow -164 \\ x & = & 16^\circ \end{array}$$

Write an equation. Find the measure of the interior angles.

18)



$$90 + 45 + x = 180$$

$$\cancel{90} \quad \cancel{45}$$

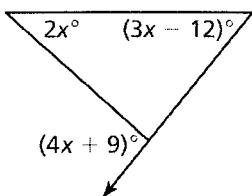
$$135 + x = 180$$

$$-135 \quad | -135$$

$$x = 45^\circ$$

Write an equation. Find the measure of the exterior angles.

19)



$$2x + 2x + (3x - 12) = 180$$

$$5x - 12 = 180$$

$$+ 12 \quad | + 12$$

$$5x = 192$$

$$\frac{5x}{5} = \frac{192}{5}$$

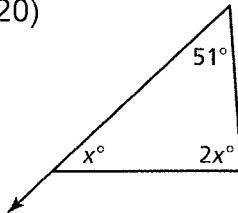
$$x = 38.4$$

$$4x + 9$$

$$4(21) + 9$$

$$93^\circ = \text{exterior angle}$$

20)



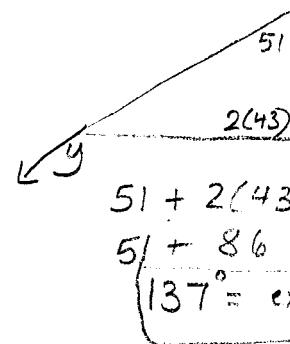
$$x + 2x + 51 = 180$$

$$3x + 51 = 180$$

$$-51 \quad | -51$$

$$\frac{3x}{3} = \frac{129}{3}$$

$$x = 43^\circ$$



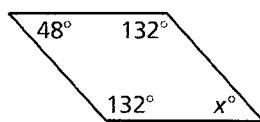
$$51 + 2(43) = y$$

$$51 + 86 = y$$

$$137^\circ = \text{exterior angle}$$

Write an equation. Find the measures of the interior angles.

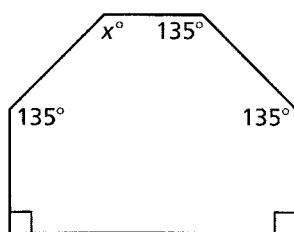
21)



$$132 + 132 + 48 + x = 360$$

$$x = 48^\circ$$

22)



$$(n-2) \cdot 180$$

$$(5-2) \cdot 180$$

$$4 \cdot 180 = 720$$

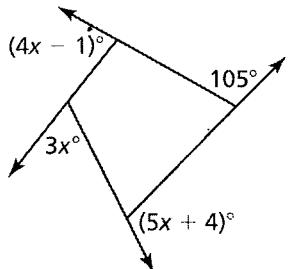
$$90 + 90 + 135 + 135 + 135 + x = 720$$

$$585 + x = 720$$

$$x = 135^\circ$$

Write an equation. Find the measures of the exterior angles of the polygon.

23)



$$\text{exterior} = 360^\circ$$

$$4x - 1 + 105 + 3x + 5x + 4 = 360$$

$$12x + 108 = 360$$

$$\frac{12x}{12} = \frac{252}{12}$$

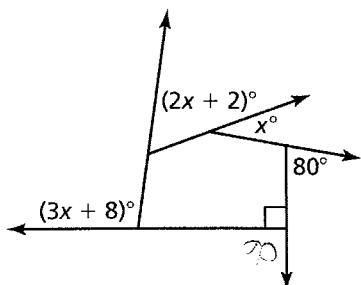
$$105 = 105^\circ$$

$$5x + 4 = 109^\circ$$

$$3x = 63^\circ$$

$$4x - 1 = 83^\circ$$

24)



$$2x + 2 + x + 80 + 90 + 3x + 8 = 360$$

$$6x + 180 = 360$$

$$\frac{6x}{6} = \frac{180}{6}$$

$$x = 30$$

$$x = 30^\circ$$

$$80^\circ = 80^\circ$$

$$90^\circ = 90^\circ$$

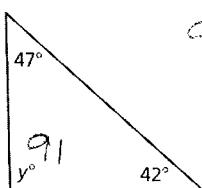
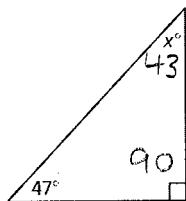
$$3x + 8 = 98^\circ$$

$$2x + 2 = 62^\circ$$

Tell whether

the triangles are similar?

25)



$$47 + 47 + x = 180$$

$$137 + x = 180$$

$$-137 \quad | -137$$

$$x = 43$$

$$47 + 42 + y = 180$$

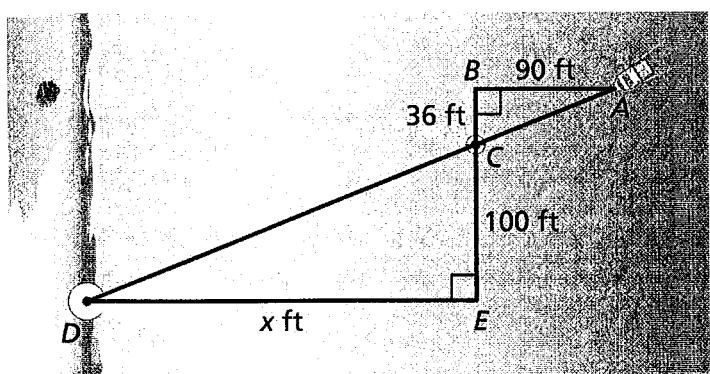
$$89 + y = 180$$

$$-89 \quad | -89$$

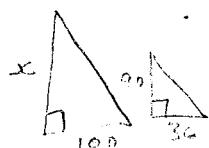
$$y = 91$$

The triangles
are NOT
similar.

You are on a boat in the ocean, at point A . You locate a lighthouse at point D , beyond the line of sight of the marker at point C . You travel 90 feet west to point B and then 36 feet south to point C . You travel 100 feet more to arrive at point E , which is due east of the lighthouse. What is the distance from point E to the lighthouse?



The distance from E to the lighthouse is 250 ft.



$$\frac{90}{36} = \frac{x}{100}$$

$$\frac{250}{72} = \frac{900}{180}$$